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The City of Calgary Spyhill Waste Management Facility Phase 1 Final Closure – Evapotranspiration Cover

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Bio



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I'm an environmental engineer and project manager with AECOM's Environment business line.

Over eleven years of experience with waste management and northern remediation projects.

Presentation Agenda

01 Site Layout and History

02 Site Closure Objectives

03 Alberta Environment and Protected Areas Landfill Closure Requirements

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05 Construction Overview

06 Post-Construction Monitoring and Reporting

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Site Layout and History

Original Site Layout (2016 Google Earth Image)



- Phase 1 area is approximately 450 metres by 1,500 metres
- Existing infrastructure on site included SVE system, monitoring wells, compost facility, stockpile areas, stormwater ponds, and Operations' buildings and roads

Site History

- Mainly accepted household waste
- No liner or leachate collection system, except for east area
- Incomplete records for depth and extents of waste placement
- Original cover soil highly variable



Site Closure Objectives

Site Closure Objectives

- Meet regulatory commitments with Alberta Environment and Protected Areas
- Achieve a design with near zero percolation rates into the waste mass (minimize leachate production)
- Continued use of the Site area for ongoing and future operations activities
- Have an aesthetically pleasing cover congruent with contiguous land uses

Alberta Environment and Protected Area Landfill Closure Requirements

Standard Landfill Closures

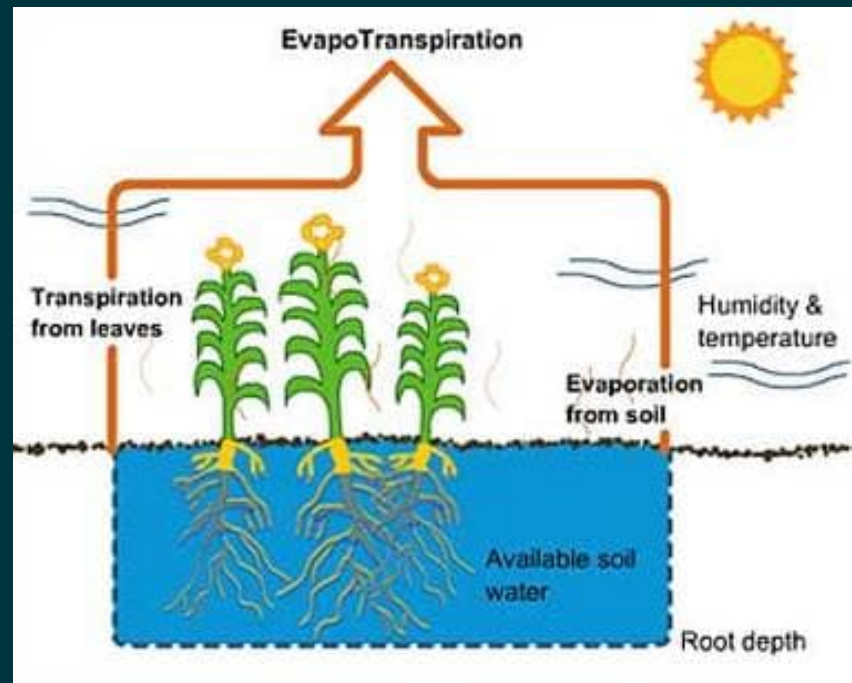
- Comprised of:
 - 60 cm thick compacted clay cover
 - 35 cm thick subsoil layer
 - 20 cm thick topsoil layer
- Landfill cover alternatives can include:
 - Geosynthetics such as high-density or low-density polyethylene liners
 - Other alternatives authorized by the Director



Evapotranspiration Cover Design

What is Evapotranspiration?

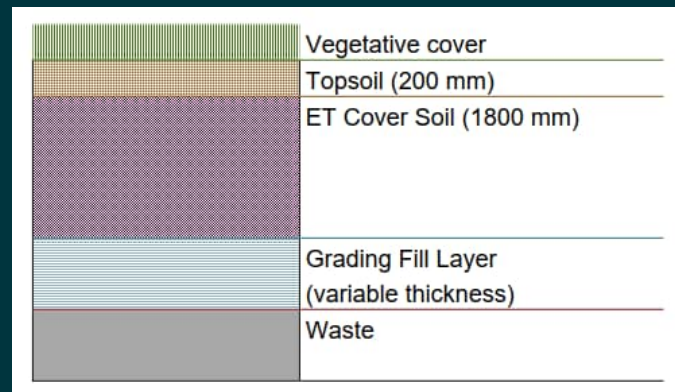
- Process of water uptake by plant roots from soil
- Water is transpired from the plant leaves and from soil
- Natural, effective process to limit water infiltration
- ET Covers are established in the US for landfill closures, particularly in the dryer climates, but aren't used widely in Canada



Phase 1 Design and ET Cover Selection

Why Was an ET Cover Selected?

- Spyhill WMF location and weather data favourable for ET cover due to lower precipitation rates and semi-arid environment
- Subsurface investigations uncovered dry 'entombed' waste, which also demonstrated that the site was favourable for ET cover
- Existing soils on site were tested and modelling showed that ET cover would perform equivalent to a standard compacted clay cover
- Prediction (model) of water infiltration based on precipitation, soil texture, water storage in cover, and transpiration through vegetation and the cover soils



Construction Overview

Construction Stage



Construction Stage



Construction Stage



Project Challenges

- Producing ET cover soils
 - Contractor had to screen soil used for ET and topsoil covers
 - More effort up-front work to process soils; less effort to place soils compared to compacted clay
- Establishing vegetation:
 - Extensive areas require monitoring and maintenance (ongoing)

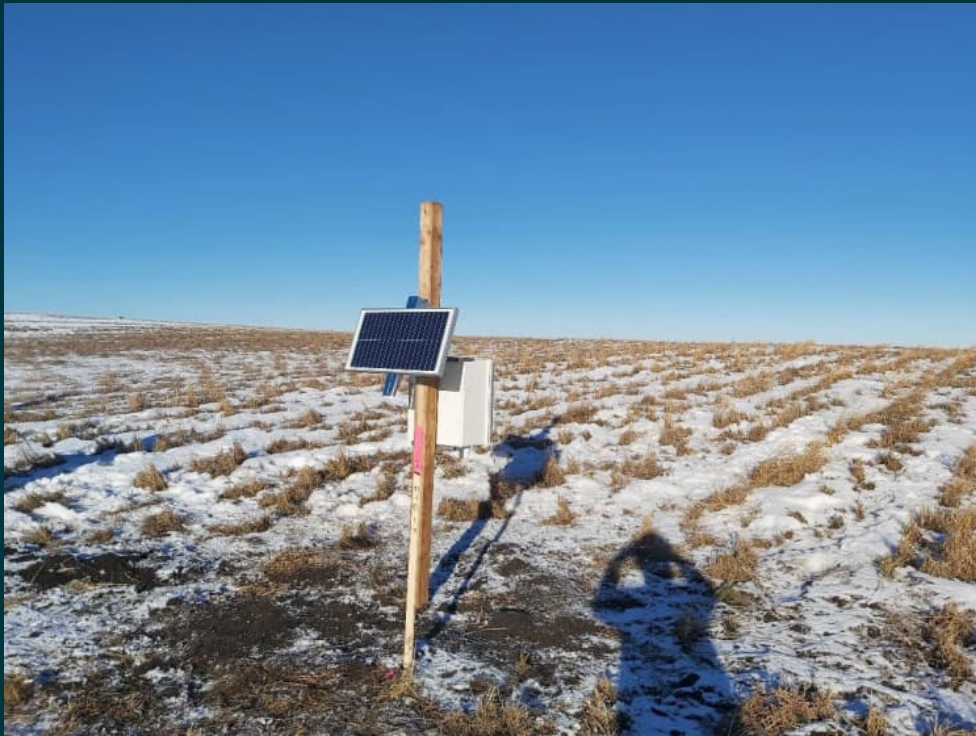


Post-Construction Monitoring and Reporting

How Do We Measure Success of Final Cover?

- Site Inspections:
 - Vegetation inspections and reporting
 - Determine if seed mixture is establishing
 - Delineate areas with weed growth
- Monitoring:
 - Remote monitoring of ET cover
 - Monitoring profiles containing in situ water content, suction, and temperature sensors over the entire depth of the ET cover system
- Maintenance and Warranty:
 - Contractor maintenance includes watering, herbicide application, and mowing
 - Reseeding areas where vegetation has not successfully established

Instrumentation Install



Phase 1 ET Cover Vegetated Areas



What are Some Outcomes of the ET Cover Project?

- Future applications for other waste management facilities
- Future applications for other landfills in Alberta and Canada
- Progression of landfill design and closure

Environmental Value

- Reduced import of approximately 142,000 m³ of soil
- Would have required approximately 11,900 additional truckloads to the site
- ET Cover areas are expected to be more resilient freeze/thaw cycles



2016 Pre-construction



2023 Post-construction



Acknowledgements

- The City of Calgary's Waste and Recycling Services
- O'Kane Consultants
- Whissell contracting (Phase 2 construction and ongoing vegetation maintenance)